

### Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION/SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

**Product identifiers** 

Product name : Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)
Product code : SM601-0100D \ SM601-0010D

CAS-No.: 67-68-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified

uses: Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

Use of the preparation: For laboratory use.

Company identification:

Simply Biologics, Inc.

Site: http://www.simplybiologics.com

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

This substance is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 67/548/EEC.

2.2 Label elements

The product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

2.3 Other hazards - none

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Synonyms DMSO, Methyl sulfoxide

Formula C2H6OS Molecular Weight 78,13 g/mol

Component Dimethyl sulfoxide

CAS-No. 67-68-5 EC-No. 200-664-3

Concentration -

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.



In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water.

Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Effects due to ingestion may include:, Nausea, Fatigue, Headache

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed no data available

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic



charge.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Store under inert gas hygroscopic

7.3 Specific end uses no data available

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

**Body Protection** 

Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: lic

b) Odour

c) Odour Threshold

d) pH

e) Melting point/freezing point

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

g) Flash point

Form: liquid, clear Colour: colourless

no data available no data available

no data available

Melting point/range: 16 - 19 °C

189°C

87 °C - closed cup



Upper explosion limit: 42 %(V)

no data available

no data available

h) Evaporation rate

i) Flammability (solid, gas)

i) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower explosion limit: 3.5 %(V)

k) Vapour pressure

I) Vapour density

m) Relative density

n) Water solubility

o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

p) Autoignition temperature

q) Decomposition temperature

r) Viscosity

s) Explosive properties

t) Oxidizing properties

9.2 Other safety information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acid chlorides, Phosphorus halides, Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents

0.55 hPa at 20 °C 2.70 - (Air = 1.0)1.1 g/mL completely miscible log Pow: -2.03 no data available

no data available no data available no data available no data available

no data available

no data available no data available no data available

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Other decomposition products - no data available

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - rat - 14.500 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 4 h - 40250 ppm

LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 5.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro - mouse - lymphocyte

Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vitro - mouse - lymphocyte

Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Genotoxicity in vivo - rat - Intraperitoneal

Cytogenetic analysis

Genotoxicity in vivo - mouse - Intraperitoneal

**DNA** damage

Carcinogenicity

Skin - rabbit - No skin irritation - 4 h Eyes - rabbit - Mild eye irritation

no data available



Carcinogenicity - rat - Oral

Tumorigenic Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.

Carcinogenicity - mouse - Oral

Tumorigenic Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. Leukaemia Skin and

Appendages: Other: Tumors.

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified

as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - rat - Intraperitoneal

Effects on Fertility: Abortion.

Reproductive toxicity - rat - Intraperitoneal

Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total

number of implants).

Reproductive toxicity - rat - Subcutaneous

Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total

number of implants). Effects on Fertility: Litter size (e.g.; # fetuses per litter; measured before birth).

Reproductive toxicity - mouse - Oral

Effects on Fertility: Pre-implantation mortality (e.g., reduction in number of implants per female; total number of implants per corpora lutea). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death,

e.g., stunted fetus).

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.

Developmental Toxicity - mouse - Intraperitoneal

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental

Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure no data available Aspiration hazard no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Aggravated Medical Condition 
Avoid contact with DMSO solutions containing toxic materials or

materials with unknown toxicological properties. Dimethyl sulfoxide is readily absorbed through skin and may carry such

materials into the body.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Effects due to ingestion may include:, Nausea, Fatigue, Headache

Additional Information RTECS: PV6210000



#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 34.000 mg/l - 96 h

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 35.000 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates. EC50 - Daphnia pulex (Water flea) - 27.500 mg/l

Toxicity to algae EC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - > 400.000 mg/l - 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability no data available
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential no data available
12.4 Mobility in soil no data available
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment no data available
12.6 Other adverse effects no data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID Not dangerous goods IMDG Not dangerous goods IATA Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user no data available

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture no data available 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment no data available



#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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